OMB APPROVAL OMB Number: 3235-0123 January 31, 2007 Expires: Estimated average burden SEC **IMISSION** hours per response12.00 RECEIVED ANNUAL AUDILL SEC FILE NUMBER **FORM X-17A-5** MAR 0 I 2005 8-47605 **PART III FACING PAGE** Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder 01/01/04 _ AND ENDING REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING _ 12/31/04 A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION OFFICIAL USE ONLY NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: FIRM ID. NO. Byrd Trading, L.L.C. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) MAR 23 2005 440 South LaSalle Street THOWSOM FINANCIAL (No. and Street) Illinois 60605 Chicago (Zip Code) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT David Fleming (312) 362-2212 (Area Code - Telephone No) **B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION** INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* Ryan & Juraska, Certified Public Accountants 60604 Chicago Illinois

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

141 West Jackson Boulevard, Suite 3520

(Address)

CHECK ONE:

- [X] Certified Public Accountant
- [] Public Accountant
- [] Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,
NONE
"OFFICIAL SEAL" Alan R. Juraska Notary Public, State of Illinois My Commission Exp. 08/20/2008 Title
Notary Public
This report** contains (check all applicable boxes): [X] (a) Facing page. [X] (b) Statement of Financial Condition. [X] (c) Statement of Income (Loss). [X] (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. [X] (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital
 (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. (g) Computation of Net Capital. (k) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve
Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. [] (k) A Reconciliation between the audit and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation. [X] (I) An Oath or Affirmation. [] (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. [X] (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. *** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES PURSUANT TO SEC RULE 17a-5(d)

for the year ended December 31, 2004



RYAN & JURASKA

Certified Public Accountants

141 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604

Tel: 312.922.0062 Fax: 312.922.0672

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Member of BYRD TRADING, L.L.C.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of BYRD TRADING, L.L.C. as of December 31, 2004, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of BYRD TRADING, L.L.C. as of December 31, 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

...

Ryan & Juraska

Chicago, Illinois February 10, 2005

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION as of December 31, 2004

ASSETS

Receivables from broker-dealer	\$ 266,234,887
Securities owned, at market	
Long stocks	76,720,334
Long options	18,396,322
Investment in broker-dealer	10,000
Exchange membership, at cost (market value \$270,000)	340,000
	\$ 361,701,543

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

Liabilities Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market Short stocks Short options	\$ 231,123,961 123,956,745 355,080,706
Member's Equity	6,620,837
	\$ 361,701,543

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS for the year ended December 31, 2004

Revenues Trading income Interest and dividends Seat Lease Income	\$ 4,162,503 4,829,151 31,223 9,022,877
Expenses Commissions, brokerage and regulatory fees Employee compensation and benefits Interest and dividends Office expenses Professional fees	1,799,977 494,024 4,922,000 43,177 17,952
	7,277,130
Net Income	\$ 1,745,747

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY for the year ended December 31, 2004

Balance, January 1, 2004	\$ 6,563,740
Member's contributions	2,312,950
Member's withdrawals	(4,001,600)
Net income	 1,745,747
Balance, December 31, 2004	\$ 6,620,837

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended December 31, 2004

Operating Activities Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	\$	1,745,747
Receivables from broker-dealer		(140,966,583)
Securities owned, at market		49,205,435
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market	_	92,044,051
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		2,028,650
Investing Activities Purchase of exchange membership	_	(340,000)
Financing Activities Member's capital contributions Member's capital withdrawals		2,312,950 (4,001,600)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities		(1,688,650)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		0
Cash, Beginning of Year		0
Cash, End of Year	\$ _	0

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended December 31, 2004

1. Organization and Business

Byrd Trading, L.L.C. (the Company), was organized in the State of Illinois as a limited liability company on February 16, 1998. The Company is a registered securities broker-dealer with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Chicago Board Options Exchange. The Company engages in the proprietary trading of exchange-traded equity securities, equity options and index options.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue Recognition

Securities transactions and related income and expenses are recorded on the settlement date basis. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles normally require an entity to record security transactions on a trade date basis, however, the majority of brokers and dealers record most securities transactions on the settlement date rather than the trade date. The difference between trade date and settlement date is not material to the Company's financial position at December 31, 2004, nor material to the results of its operations for the year then ended.

Income Taxes

No provision has been made for federal income taxes, as the taxable income of the Company is included in the income tax returns of the member.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Management determines that the estimates utilized in preparing financial statements are reasonable and prudent. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (15c3-1), and has elected to use the basic method as permitted by this rule. Under this rule, the Company is required to maintain "net capital" equal to \$100,000. At December 31, 2004 the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$2,196,307 and \$100,000, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued for the year ended December 31, 2004

4. Derivative Financial Instruments and Off-Balance Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business the Company enters into transactions in derivative financial instruments and other financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk, which include exchange-traded equity and index options and short stocks. All derivative instruments are held for trading purposes. All positions are reported in the accompanying statement of financial condition at market value and gains and losses from derivative financial instruments are included in net trading gain in the statement of operations.

Options grant the purchaser, for the payment of a premium, the right to either purchase from or sell to the writer a specified instrument under agreed terms. As a writer of options, the Company receives a premium in exchange for bearing the risk of unfavorable changes in the price of the securities or money market instruments underlying the options.

Securities sold, not yet purchased, represent obligations of the Company to deliver specified securities and thereby create a liability to repurchase the securities in the market at prevailing prices. These transactions may result in off-balance sheet risk as the Company's ultimate obligation to satisfy its obligation for securities sold, not yet purchased may exceed the amount recognized in the statement of financial condition.

Risk arises from the potential inability of counterparties or exchanges to perform under the terms of the contracts (credit risk) and from changes in the values of securities, interest rates, currency exchange rates or equity index values (market risk). The Company is subject to credit risk to the extent any broker with which it conducts business is unable to fulfill contractual obligations on its behalf. The company attempts to minimize its exposure to credit risk by monitoring brokers with which it conducts investment activities. In management's opinion, market risk is substantially diminished when all financial instruments are aggregated.

5. Credit Concentration

At December 31, 2004, a significant credit concentration consisted of the total net equity of the Company with the Company's clearing broker, Spear, Leeds & Kellogg, L.P. ("SLK"). Management does not consider any credit risk associated with this net receivable to be significant.

6. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Securities owned, securities sold, not yet purchased, and other financial instruments used for trading purposes are recorded in the statement of financial condition at market value, with related unrealized profit or loss included in net trading gain in the statement of operations. As the Company operates as a broker-dealer, all financial instruments are stated at a value which approximates fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued for the year ended December 31, 2004

6. Clearing Agreement

The Company has a Joint Back Office (JBO) clearing agreement with Spear, Leeds & Kellogg, L.P. ("SLK"). The agreement allows JBO participants to receive favorable margin treatment as compared to the full customer margin requirements of Regulation T. As part of this agreement, the Company has invested \$10,000 in a Class C limited partnership interest with SLK. The Company's investment in SLK is reflected as securities owned not readily marketable in the statement of financial condition. Under the rules of the Chicago Board Options Exchange (the "CBOE"), the agreement requires that the Company maintain a minimum net liquidating equity of \$1 million with SLK, exclusive of the stock investment.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT PART III

BRO	OKER OR DEALER: BYRD TRADING, L.L.C.			as c	of <u>December 3</u>	1, 2004
· I · · ·	COMPUTATION OF NET	CAPITAL				
1.	Total ownership (from Statement of Financial Condition-Item 1800)			\$_	6,620,837	[3480]
2.	Deduct: Ownership equity not allowable for net capital			_		[3490]
3.	Total ownership equity qualified for net capital			\$_	6,620,837	[3500]
4.	Add: A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in common B. Other (deductions) or allowable subordinated liabilities	omputation of net cap	oital	\$_		[3520] [3525]
5.	Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities			\$	6,620,837	[3530]
6.	Deductions and/or charges: A. Total non-allowable assets from Statement of Financial Condition (Note B and C) (See detail below) 1. Additional charges for customers' and non-customers' security accounts 2. Additional charges for customers' and non-customers' commodity accounts B. Aged fail-to-deliver 1. Number of items [3450] C. Aged short security differences- less reserved of [3460] 2. Number of items [3470] D. Secured demand note deficiency E. Commodity futures contract and spot commodities proprietary capital charges F. Other deductions and/or charges G. Deductions for accounts carried under Rule 15c3-1(a)(6), (a)(7)and (c)(2)(x) H. Total deduction and/or charges		[3540] [3550] [3560] [3570] [3580] [3590] [3600] [3610] [3615]	\$	(357,461)	[3620]
7.	Other additions and/or allowable credits (List)					[3630]
8.	Net Capital before haircuts on securities positions			\$	6,263,376	[3640]
9.	Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable pursuant to 15c3-1 A. Contractual securities commitments B. Subordinated securities borrowings C. Trading and Investment securities 1. Bankers' acceptance, certificates of deposit, and commercial paper 2. U.S. and Canadian government obligations 3. State and municipal government obligations 4. Corporate obligations 5. Stocks and warrants 6. Options 7. Arbitrage 8. Other securities D. Undue concentration E. Other (List)	[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[3660] 3670] 3680] 3700] 3710] 3720] 3730] 3732] 3734] 3650] 3736]	\$	(4,067,069)	[3740]
10.	Net Capital		J. 00]	» — \$	2,196,307	[3740]
10.	Non-Allowable Assets (line 6.A): Membership in exchange \$ 340,000 Investment in broker-dealer 10,000 Long term dividends 7,461 \$ 357,461			¥ <u> </u>	OMIT PENNIES	[5.50]

Note: There are no material differences between the audited computation of net capital and that per the Company's unaudited FOCUS report as filed.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT PART III

BROKER OR DEALER: as of December 31, 2004 BYRD TRADING, L.L.C. COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT Part A Minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of line 19) [3756] 11. 12. Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum net capital \$ 100,000 [3758] requirement of subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A) \$ _____100,000 [3760] 13. Net capital requirement (greater of line 11 or 12) \$ 2,096,307 14. [3770] Excess net capital (line 10 less 13) \$ _____2,196,307 15. Excess net capital at 1000% (line 10 less 10% of line 19) [3780] COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS 16. Total A.I. liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition \$ -[3790] 17. Add: [3800] A. Drafts for immediate credit B. Market value of securities borrowed for which no equivalent value [3810] is paid or credited C. Other unrecorded amounts (List) [3820] [3830] 18. Deduct: Adjustment based on deposits in Special Reserve Bank Accounts (15c3-1(c)(1)(vii)) [3838] -19. Total aggregate indebtedness [3840] 20. Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (line 19 – by line 10) [3850] 21. Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital after anticipated capital withdrawals (line [3853] 19- by line 10 less item 4880 page 11) COMPUTATION OF ALTERNATE NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT Part B 22. 2% of combined aggregate debit items as shown in Formula for Reserve Requirements pursuant to Rule 15c-3-3 prepared as of the date of the net capital computation including both brokers [3870] or dealers and consolidated subsidiaries debits 23. Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum net capital [3880] requirement of subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A) 24. [3760] Net capital requirement (greater of line 22 or 23) 25. Excess net capital (line 10 less 24) [3910] 26. Percentage of Net Capital to Aggregate Debits (line 10 ÷ by line 17 page 8) [3851] 27. Percentage of Net Capital, after anticipated capital withdrawals, to Aggregate Debits (line 10 [3854] less item 4880, page 11 ÷ by line 17 page 8) 28. Net capital in excess of: [3920] \$ ____ 5% of combined aggregate debit items or \$300,000 OTHER RATIOS Part C [3860] 29. Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(d) 30. Options deductions/Net Capital ratio (1000% test) total deductions exclusive of liquidating equity [3852] under Rule 15c3-1(a)(6), (a)(7) and (c)(2)(x) + Net Capital NOTES: The minimum net capital requirement should be computed by adding the minimum dollar net capital requirement of the reporting broker dealer and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the greater of:

Minimum dollar net capital requirement, or

partners securities which were included in non-allowable assets.

6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or 2% of aggregate debits if alternative method is used.

For reports filed pursuant to paragraph (d) of Rule 17a-5, respondent should provide a list of material non-allowable assets.

Do not deduct the value of securities borrowed under subordination agreements of secured demand notes covered by subordination agreements not in satisfactory form and the market values of memberships in exchanges contributed for use of company (contra to item 1740) and

FINANCIAL AND OPTERATION COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT PART IIA for the year ended December 31, 2004

Reconciliation Pursuant to Paragraph (d)(4) of Rule 17a-5

Following is a reconciliation and explanation for differences between the unaudited and audited FOCUS Part IIA Report as of December 31, 2004:

Net capital per unaudited FOCUS report \$ 2,196,307

Net capital per audited FOCUS report \$ 2,196,307

BYRD TRADING, L.L.C.

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3 for the year ended December 31, 2004

The Company did not handle any customer cash or securities during the year ended December 31, 2004 and does not have any customer accounts.

BYRD TRADING, L.L.C.

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF PAIB RESERVE REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3 for the year ended December 31, 2004

The Company did not handle any proprietary accounts of introducing brokers during the year ended December 31, 2004 and does not have any PAIB accounts.

BYRD TRADING, L.L.C.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 for the year ended December 31, 2004

The Company did not handle any customer cash or securities during the year ended December 31, 2004 and does not have any customer accounts.



RYAN & JURASKA

Certified Public Accountants

141 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604

Tel: 312.922.0062 Fax: 312.922.0672

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Member of BYRD TRADING, L.L.C.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of BYRD TRADING, L.L.C. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2004, we considered its internal control structure, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17A-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), (1) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e); and (2) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the proceeding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the proceeding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

Our review indicated that the Company, although not exempt from Rule 15c-3-3, had no reporting requirements because it did not transact a business in securities directly with or for other than members of a national securities exchange and did not carry margin accounts, credit balances or securities for any person defined as a "customer" pursuant to Rule 17a-5(c)(4) and that, as of December 31, 2004, no facts came to our attention to indicate that such conditions were not complied with during the period.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, the Chicago Board Options Exchange, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Chicago, Illinois

February 10, 2005

Flyan & Juraska